

Mirror surface quality before and after coating

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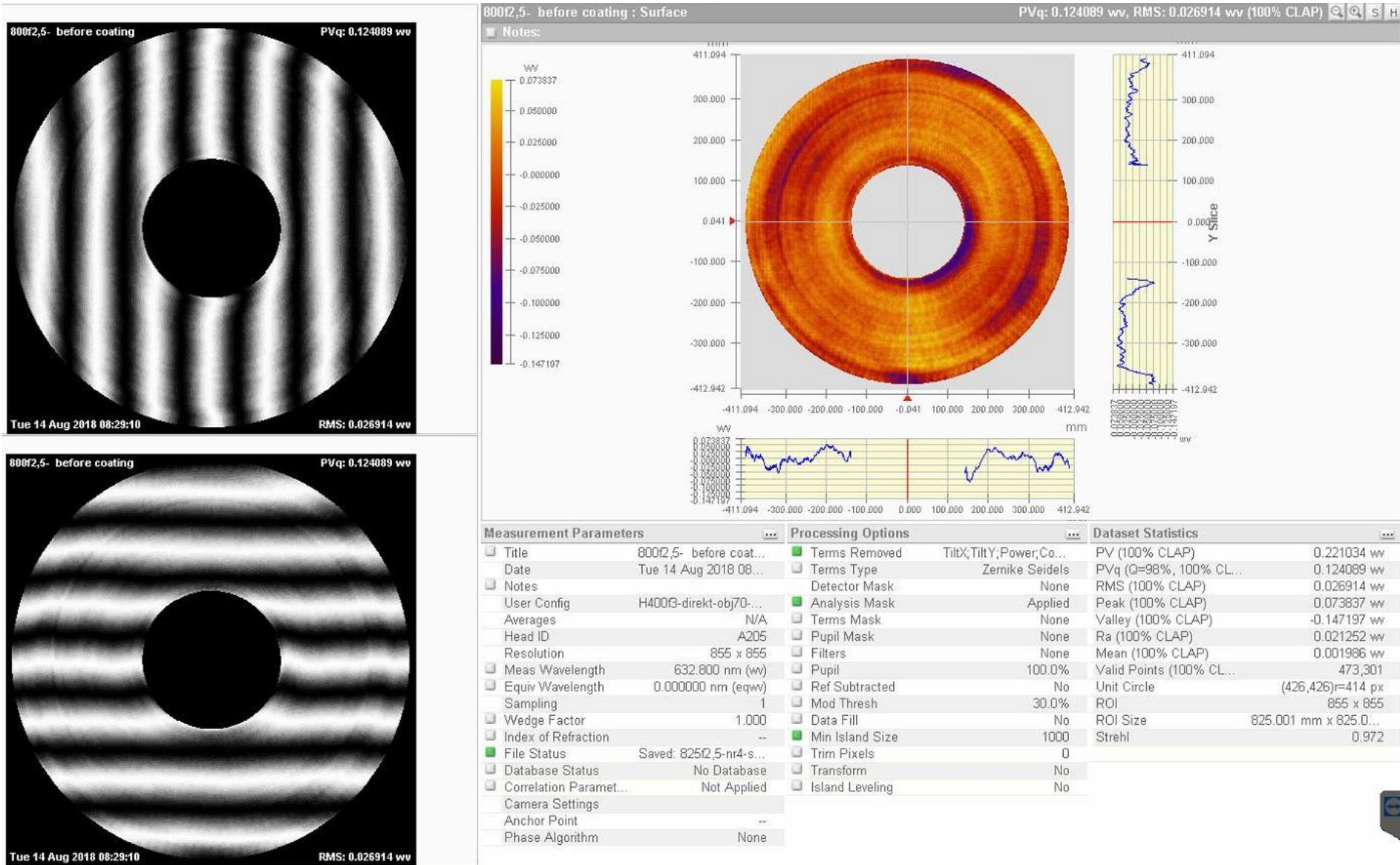
1 Scope

This document describes the influence of coating to the mirror surface quality.

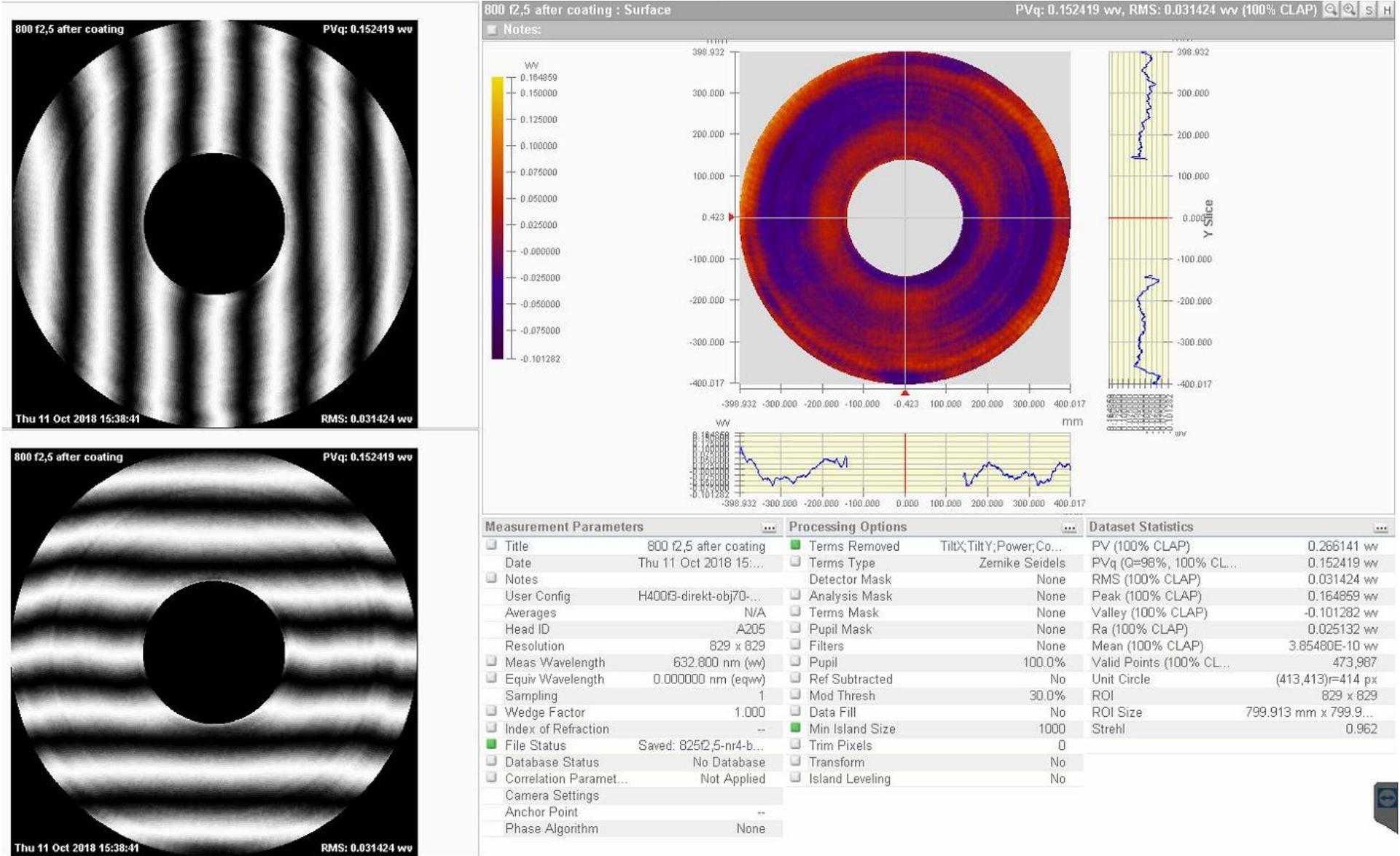
ASA has experienced that applying reflective coating onto a mirror does not have a significant influence on surface quality. This has been proven by interferometrical measurements of several mirrors before and after coating.

The following example shows the interferograms of an 800mm f2.5 RC primary mirror measured before and after coating.

2 Before Coating



3 After Coating



4 Explanation of Results

There is always a certain measuring error due to air turbulence, temperature, the way the mirror is put into its holder etc.

When we compared measurements before coating against the measurements after coating, we could never find any reproducible errors that could be assigned with coating and where larger than our measurement error.

The results in the example here show a typical minor change that can as well be attributed to simple random measurement errors.

We would also like to point out, that coatings can change mirror shapes only, if the substrate is very thin and multilayer thick coatings are applied (like dielectric coatings with 10 or more layers). These coatings on very thin substrates can cause indeed a deformation of the mirror. But this is absolutely not the case here.

That is why ASA decided not to perform the laborious interferometric measurements again after coating.